SCITT - COSE

Managing SCITT Statements as COSE Payloads

Attached | Detached | Hashed

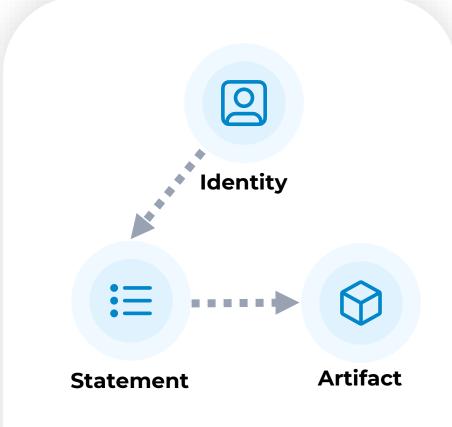
Steve Lasker

SteveLasker.blog
Director of Ecosystem





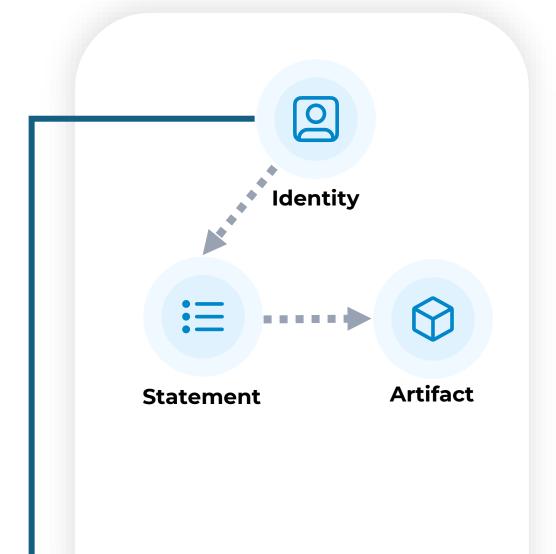




SCITT records

Who made an immutable Statement about an Artifact recorded "when"





Who are the Who's

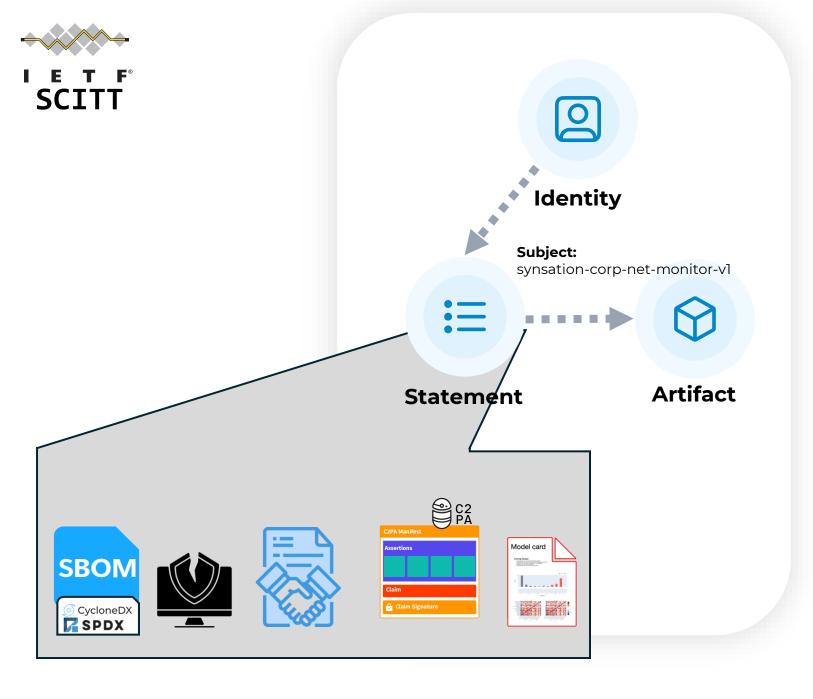
- People (Whoville who's)
- Services
- Processes
- Companies
- Groups
- Anything with any type of identity

SCITT uses x509 as *an* example
No intended limitation of identity types
It's up to the SCITT Service to decide
what types of identities they'll support

CWT_Claims

issuer : tstr,
subject : tstr,

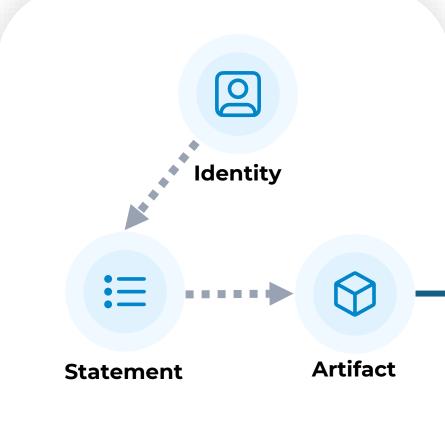
* : int => any



What are Statements?

- SBOMs about binaries
 - Test results
 - Compliance to certifications
 - Security Scans
 - VEX Reports
- Contracts about a deal
- C2PA Manifests about digital media
- Responsible AI Claims
 - Model Cards





What is an Artifact?

Anything that needs a verifiable statement

- Binary data (software, docker containers)
- Al Models
- vCons
- Digital media (pictures, videos, contracts)
- Physical goods (parts, nuclear waste)
- **Subject** is the Artifact Identifier

synsation-corp/net-monitor/v1

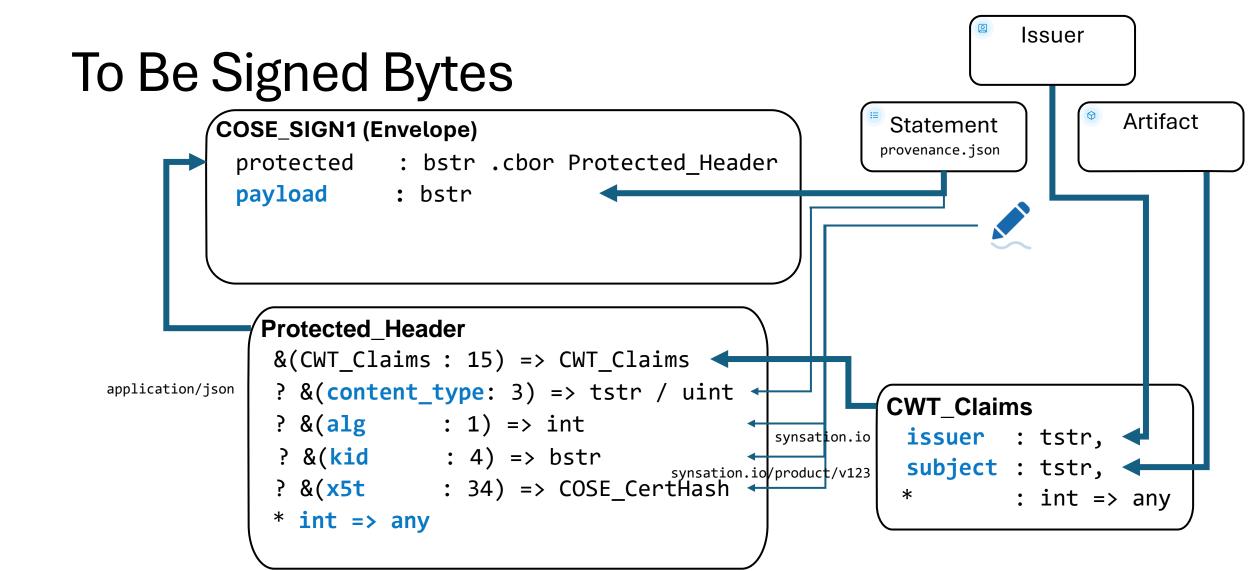
The format of Subject is not part of the SCITT Architecture.

Likely industry specific, and poised for other IETF drafts

CWT_Claims

issuer : tstr,
subject : tstr,

* : int => any



Signed Bytes

COSE_SIGN1 (Envelope)

protected : bstr .cbor Protected_Header

payload : bstr

Issuer

Statement provenance.json

Artifact





SCITT Statement

COSE_SIGN1 (Envelope)

protected : bstr .cbor Protected_Header

payload : bstr signature : bstr

unprotected : Unprotected_Header

Statement

Artifact

Issuer

Unprotected_Header

* int => any



Registering



COSE_SIGN1 (Envelope)

protected : bstr .cbor Protected_Header

payload : bstr
signature : bstr

unprotected : Unprotected_Header





Append-only
Log

Log

Ledger

Transparency Service

How large is the COSE_Sign1 Envelope?

Protected Header ~1k
Unprotected Header 0
Signature ~1k
Payload (Statement) 1k-50gb

- Is Size the constraint
- > Is the Statement already stored somewhere else?
- Do we need to continually pass content for verification?
- What value are we getting by storing the statement in the payload of the Signed Statement

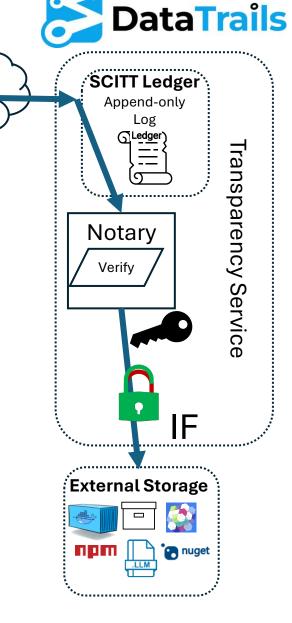


Detached Payloads



```
COSE_SIGN1 (Envelope)
  protected : bstr .cbor Protected_Header
  payload : bstr / nil
  signature : bstr
```

unprotected : Unprotected_Header

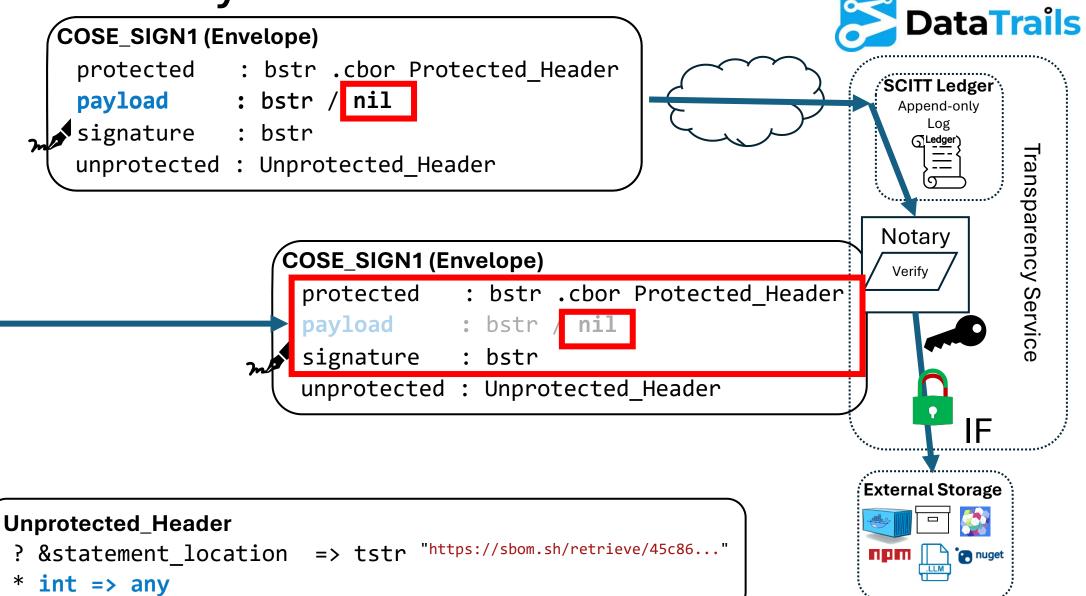


```
Unprotected_Header
```

```
? &statement_location => tstr "https://sbom.sh/retrieve/45c86..."
* int => any
```

Detached Payloads





Content of a SCITT Statement

What is the size and makeup of the statement







Collections of files
large and/or small
Likely packaged in another file (zip/tar) or
referenced by a manifest

File by Reference: URI to the location: docker image, npm package, vcon, youtube video

Manifest: Collections of files, each referenced by a unique id (eg: docker image, npm package, vcon, youtube video)

COSE_SIGN1 (Envelope)

protected : bstr .cbor Protected_Header

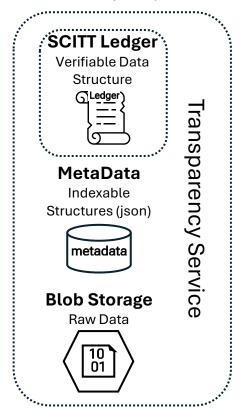
payload : bstr / nil

signature : bstr

unprotected : Unprotected_Header

Persistence

Where is the Signed Statement, Metadata and Payload persisted





Content of a SCITT Statement

What is the size and makeup of the statement



Small File

Large file

Collections of files

large and/or small

Likely packaged in another file (zip/tar) or referenced by a manifest

File by Reference: URI to the location: docker image, npm package, vcon, youtube video

Manifest: Collections of files, each referenced by a unique id (eg: docker image, npm package, vcon, youtube video)

SCITT Envelope Payload Types

How is the Statement represented within the Signed Statement



Inline:

payload: <statement>

content-type: Type of the payload

(application/json, application/bin,)

###

Hash:

payload: Hash of the content, minimizing the signed-

statement size

content-type: Type of the hashed content

(application/json, application/bin,)

detached-hash-algorityhm: sha-256 | SHA3-512 payload-location: added to resolve a possible

location for the statement (payload)

Detached Payload:

payload: nil

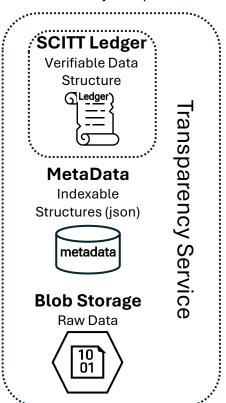
content-type: the type of the detached content

(application/json, application/bin,)

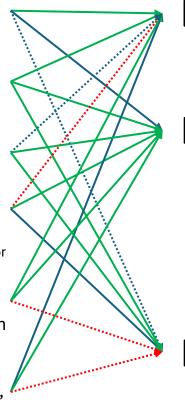
payload-location: added to resolve a possible location for the statement (payload)

Persistence

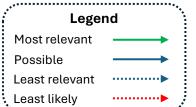
Where is the Signed Statement, Metadata and Payload persisted











Content of a SCITT Statement

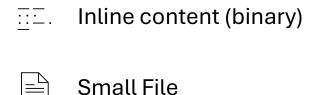
What is the size and makeup of the statement

SCITT Envelope Payload Types

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- Never wonder what size constraint will fail
- Builds upon existing storage services
- Transparency Services can provide storage services, they just fill the payload-location with their storage url

Large file



Collections of files

large and/or small

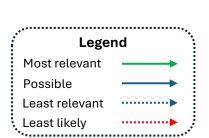
Likely packaged in another file (zip/tar) or referenced by a manifest

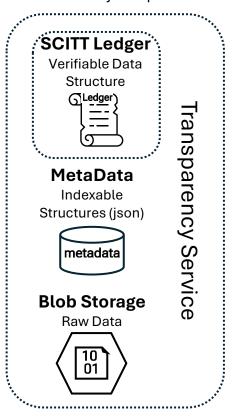


File by Reference: URI to the location: docker image, npm package, vcon, youtube video



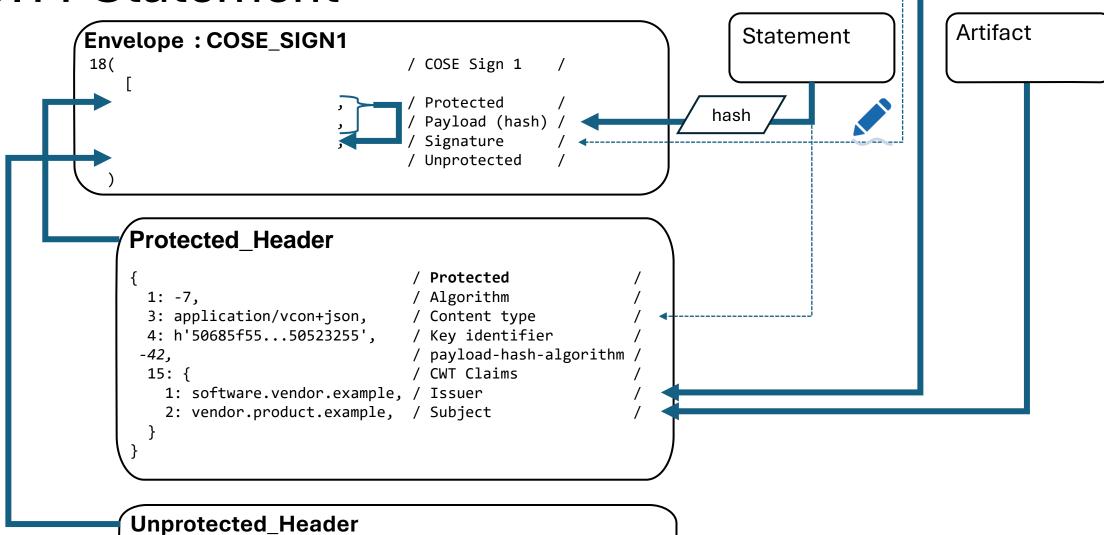
Manifest: Collections of files, each referenced by a unique id (eg: docker image, npm package, vcon, youtube video)







SCITT Statement



/ Unprotected

?: vcon.service/2a0baefa...afaf2f9, / Statement Location /

Issuer

SCITT - COSE

Managing SCITT Statements as COSE Payloads

Hashed Payloads